

For the purposes of this Schedule, the values indicated apply to a facility housing only one animal.

To calculate the minimum sizes of a facility housing a number of animals (D_{minimum}) referred to in tables A to D, the values applicable to the animal requiring the largest surface and the greatest volume in accordance with the provisions of those tables (V_{largest}) must be considered, to which 50% of applicable values is added to each of the other animals housed in that facility ($V_{\text{animal 2}}$, $V_{\text{animal 3}}$, $V_{\text{animal 4}}$, $V_{\text{etc.}}$):

$$D_{\text{minimum}} = V_{\text{largest}} + (0.5 \times V_{\text{animal 2}}) + (0.5 \times V_{\text{animal 3}}) + (0.5 \times V_{\text{animal 4}}) + (0.5 \times V_{\text{etc.}})$$

Where a facility houses a number of animals referred to in table E, the minimum sizes (D_{minimum}) of the facility are calculated by adding all the values applicable to each animal kept therein ($V_{\text{animal 1}}$, $V_{\text{animal 2}}$, $V_{\text{animal 3}}$, $V_{\text{etc.}}$):

$$D_{\text{minimum}} = V_{\text{animal 1}} + V_{\text{animal 2}} + V_{\text{animal 3}} + V_{\text{etc.}}$$

For the purposes of this Schedule,

- "SCL" means straight carapace length;
- "SVL" means snout-vent length;
- "STL" means snout-tail length;
- "n/a" means not applicable;
- "n/s" means not specified;
- "SWG" means specimen weight in grams.

(A) AMPHIBIANS

Group (description)	Species or taxon included	Size of the animal (SVL) (m)	Minimum volume (m ³) of a cage	Minimum total area (m ²) of a cage or enclosure	Minimum area (m ²) of the pool	Other particular specifications
1 (land and semi-aquatic frogs)	- Families Alydidae, Arromobatidae, Arthroleptidae, Bombinatoridae, Brachycephalidae, Brevicipitidae, Bufonidae, Calyptocephalellidae, Ceratobatrachidae, Ceratophryidae, Craugastoridae, Cyclorhynchidae, Dendrobatidae, Dicroglossidae, Eleutherodactylidae, Heleophrynidae, Hemiphractidae, Hemisotidae, Hyloidae, Leiopelmatidae, Leuperidae, Leptodactylidae, Limnodynastidae, Mantellidae, Megophryidae, Micrixalidae, Microhylidae, Myobatrachidae, Nasikabatrachidae, Nyctibatrachidae, Pelobatidae, Pelodytidae, Petropedidae, Phrynobatrachidae, Ptychocheilidae, Pyxicephalidae, Ranidae, Ranixalidae, Rhinophrynidae, Scaphiropodidae, Sooglossidae and Strabomantidae.	< 0.04	n/s	0.02	0.01	- The minimum area of the pool applies only to semi-aquatic species. - The depth of the pool for semi-aquatic species must be sufficient to allow the animal to completely submerge itself.
		> 0.04 to 0.08	n/s	0.04	0.02	
		> 0.08 to 0.12	n/s	0.08	0.04	
		> 0.12 to 0.16	n/s	0.16	0.08	
		> 0.16 to 0.20	n/s	0.25	0.12	
		> 0.20	n/s	(SVL × 2.75) ²	(SVL × 1.9) ²	
2 (land and semi-aquatic salamanders)	- Families Ambystomatidae (except <i>Ambystoma mexicanum</i>), Caeciliidae, Hynobiidae, Ichthyophiidae, Plethodontidae, Rhinatrematidae, Rhyacotritonidae and Salamandridae.	< 0.04	n/s	0.015	0.007	- The minimum area of the pool applies only to semi-aquatic species. - The depth of the pool for semi-aquatic species must be sufficient to allow the animal to completely submerge itself.
		> 0.04 to 0.08	n/s	0.02	0.015	
		> 0.08 to 0.12	n/s	0.04	0.002	
		> 0.12 to 0.16	n/s	0.08	0.04	
		> 0.16	n/s	(SVL × 2) ²	(SVL × 1.4) ²	
3 (aquatic frogs and salamanders)	- Families Amphiumidae, Cryptobranchidae, Pipidae, Proteidae and Sirenidae. - <i>Ambystoma mexicanum</i> .	< 0.04	n/s	0.015	0.015	- The depth of the pool must at least correspond to the animal's SVL.
		> 0.04 to 0.08	n/s	0.02	0.02	
		> 0.08 to 0.12	n/s	0.04	0.04	
		> 0.12	n/s	(SVL × 2) ²	(SVL × 2) ²	
4 (tree frogs)	- Families Centrolenidae, Hyllidae, Hyperoliidae and Rhacophoridae.	< 0.04	0.005	0.015	n/s	
		> 0.04 to 0.08	0.01	0.03	n/s	
		> 0.08	0.02	0.06	n/s	

(B) REPTILES

Group (description)	Species or taxon included	Size of the animal (m)	Minimum volume (m ³) of a cage	Minimum total area (m ²) of a cage or enclosure	Minimum area (m ²) of the pool	Other particular specifications
5 (crocodilians)	- Order Crocodylia.	< 0.5 (SVL)	n/s	1.6	1	- The depth of the pool must be sufficient to allow the animal to completely submerge itself.
		0.5 to 0.75 (SVL)	n/s	3.5	2.3	
		> 0.75 to 1 (SVL)	n/s	6.3	4	
		> 1 to 1.25 (SVL)	n/s	9.8	6.3	
		> 1.25 (SVL)	n/s	(SVL × 2.5) ²	(SVL × 2) ²	
6 (lizards)	- Families Agamidae, Amphisbaenidae, Anguidae, Annielidae, Bipedidae, Blaniidae, Cadeidae, Carphodactylidae, Cordylidae, Corytophanidae, Crotophytidae, Dibamidae, Diploglossidae, Eublepharidae, Gerrhosauridae, Gymnophthalmidae, Helodermatidae, Hopsalotidae, Iguanidae, Laceridae, Lanthanotidae, Leiocephalidae, Leiosauridae, Liolaemidae, Opluridae, Phrynosomatidae, Pygopodidae, Rhineuridae, Scincidae, Shinisauridae, Sphenodontidae, Teiidae, Tropiduridae, Varanidae, Xantusiidae and Xenosauridae.	< 0.04 (SVL)	n/s	0.03	0.009	- The minimum area of the pool applies only to semi-aquatic species. - The depth of the pool for semi-aquatic species must be sufficient to allow the animal to completely submerge itself.
		0.04 to 0.07 (SVL)	n/s	0.05	0.016	
		> 0.07 to 0.13 (SVL)	n/s	0.08	0.03	
		> 0.13 to 0.20 (SVL)	n/s	0.19	0.06	
		> 0.20 to 0.30 (SVL)	n/s	0.33	0.11	
		> 0.30 (SVL)	n/s	(SVL × 2.3) ²	(SVL × 1.3) ²	
7 (scale-bellied tree lizards)	- Families Chamaeleonidae, Dactyloidae, Diplodactylidae, Gekkonidae, Phyllodactylidae, Polychrotidae and Sphaerodactylidae	< 0.04 (SVL)	0.004	0.022	n/s	
		0.04 to 0.07 (SVL)	0.008	0.038	n/s	
		> 0.07 to 0.13 (SVL)	0.02	0.065	n/s	
		> 0.13 to 0.20 (SVL)	0.13	0.17	n/s	
		> 0.20 to 0.25 (SVL)	0.25	0.22	n/s	
		> 0.25 (SVL)	(SVL × 2.8) ³	(SVL × 2.2) ²	n/s	
8 (snakes)	- Families Acrochordidae, Aniliidae, Anomalepididae, Anomochilidae, Boidae, Bolyeridae, Colubridae, Cyliodrophidae, Dipsadidae, Elapidae, Gerrhopilidae, Homalopsidae, Lamprophiidae, Leptotyphlopidae, Loxocemidae, Natricidae, Pareatidae, Pseudoxenodontidae, Pythonidae, Tropidophidae, Typhlopidae, Uropeltidae, Viperidae, Xenodermatidae, Xenopeltidae, Xenophiliidae and Xenotyphlopidae.	< 0.30 (STL)	0.002	0.02	0.01	- The minimum volume of a cage applies only to arboreal species. - The minimum area of the pool applies only to semi-aquatic species. - The depth of the pool must be sufficient to allow the animal to completely submerge itself.
		0.30 to 0.60 (STL)	0.01	0.04	0.02	
		> 0.60 to 0.90 (STL)	0.02	0.07	0.03	
		> 0.90 to 1.20 (STL)	0.06	0.16	0.08	
		> 1.20 to 1.50 (STL)	0.13	0.26	0.13	
		> 1.50 to 1.80 (STL)	0.24	0.39	0.19	
		> 1.80 to 2.10 (STL)	0.39	0.54	0.27	
		> 2.10 to 2.40 (STL)	0.60	0.70	0.35	
		> 2.40 (STL)	(STL × 0.4) ³	(STL × 0.4) ²	(STL × 0.28) ²	

Group (description)	Species or taxon included	Size of the animal (m)	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage	Minimum total area (m²) of a cage or enclosure	Minimum area (m²) of the pool	Other particular specifications
9 (land turtles)	- Family Testudinidae. Genus <i>Terrapene</i> .	< 0.10 (SCL)	n/s	0.07	n/s	
		0.10 to 0.15 (SCL)	n/s	0.17	n/s	
		> 0.15 to 0.20 (SCL)	n/s	0.28	n/s	
		> 0.20 to 0.30 (SCL)	n/s	0.47	n/s	
		> 0.30 (SCL)	n/s	(SCL × 2.75)²	n/s	
10 (semi-aquatic turtles)	- Genera <i>Cuora</i> , <i>Cydemys</i> , <i>Geomyda</i> , <i>Glyptemys</i> , <i>Heosemys</i> , <i>Leucocephalon</i> , <i>Melanochelys</i> , <i>Rhinoclemmys</i> and <i>Vijayachelys</i> .	< 0.10 (SCL)	n/s	0.07	0.023	- The depth of the pool must be sufficient to allow the animal to completely submerge itself.
		0.10 to 0.15 (SCL)	n/s	0.17	0.056	
		> 0.15 to 0.20 (SCL)	n/s	0.28	0.09	
		> 0.20 to 0.30 (SCL)	n/s	0.47	0.16	
		> 0.30 (SCL)	n/s	(SCL × 2.75)²	(SCL × 1.6)²	
11 (aquatic turtles)	- Species not included in groups 8 and 9 that belongs to the order Testudines.	< 0.10 (SCL)	n/s	0.05	0.05	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be greater than the SCL.
		0.10 to 0.15 (SCL)	n/s	0.14	0.14	
		> 0.15 to 0.20 (SCL)	n/s	0.23	0.23	
		> 0.20 to 0.30 (SCL)	n/s	0.38	0.38	
		> 0.30 (SCL)	n/s	(SCL × 2.5)²	(SCL × 2.5)²	

(C) BIRDS

Group (description)	Species or taxon included	Minimum volume (m ³) of a cage from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum volume (m ³) of a cage from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m ²) of a cage or enclosure from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m ²) of a cage or enclosure from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m ²) of the pool from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m ²) of the pool from 2 September to 31 May	Other particular specifications
12 (very small aviary birds, small budgies)	- Family Estrildidae. - Genera <i>Melospittacus</i> , <i>Forpus</i> , <i>Tiaris</i> and <i>Volatinia</i> .	0.02	0.02	0.066	0.066	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 0.25 m.
13 (small aviary birds, budgies)	- Family Zosteropidae. - Genera <i>Agapornis</i> , <i>Bolborhynchus</i> , <i>Brotheris</i> , <i>Capodacus</i> , <i>Carduelis</i> , <i>Chloris</i> , <i>Cyanerpes</i> , <i>Dacnis</i> , <i>Euphonia</i> , <i>Euplectes</i> , <i>Fringilla</i> , <i>Geopelia</i> , <i>Neophema</i> , <i>Neopsephotus</i> , <i>Oena</i> , <i>Serinus</i> , <i>Tangara</i> and <i>Touti</i> .	0.045	0.045	0.08	0.08	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 0.3 m.
14 (aviary birds, cockatiels and small conures)	- Genera <i>Cyanoramphus</i> , <i>Emberiza</i> , <i>Leiothrix</i> , <i>Nymphicus</i> , <i>Paraaria</i> , <i>Passer</i> , <i>Ploceus</i> , <i>Psephenus</i> , <i>Psittaculodes</i> , <i>Pyrrhula</i> , <i>Pyrrhura</i> and <i>Scalops</i> . - <i>Aratinga aurea</i> .	0.07	0.07	0.10	0.10	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 0.4 m.
15 (aviary birds, conures, small parrots)	- Genera <i>Aratinga</i> (except <i>A. aurea</i>), <i>Chalcopsitta</i> , <i>Diopsittacus</i> , <i>Eos</i> , <i>Icterus</i> , <i>Lorius</i> , <i>Myiopsitta</i> , <i>Nandayus</i> , <i>Ocyphaps</i> , <i>Plonites</i> , <i>Platycircus</i> , <i>Pseudeos</i> , <i>Psittacula</i> (except <i>P. eupatria</i>) <i>Pycnonotus</i> , <i>Thraupis</i> and <i>Trichoglossus</i> . - <i>Poicephalus crassus</i> , <i>Poicephalus cryptoxanthus</i> , <i>Poicephalus flavifrons</i> , <i>Poicephalus meyeri</i> , <i>Poicephalus rueppellii</i> , <i>Poicephalus rufiventris</i> and <i>Poicephalus senegalensis</i> .	0.10	0.10	0.16	0.16	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 0.4 m.
16 (aviary birds and parrots)	- Genera <i>Cinnycichlus</i> , <i>Icterus</i> , <i>Molothrus</i> , <i>Streptopelia</i> , <i>Sturnia</i> and <i>Zenaidura</i> . - <i>Amazona agilis</i> , <i>Amazona albifrons</i> , <i>Amazona barbadensis</i> , <i>Amazona collaris</i> , <i>Amazona leucocephala</i> , <i>Amazona ventralis</i> , <i>Amazona viridigenalis</i> , <i>Amazona xantholara</i> and <i>Amazona xanthops</i> .	0.14	0.14	0.2	0.2	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 0.5 m.

Group (description)	Species or taxon included	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 2 September to 31 May	Other particular specifications
17 (aviary birds and parrots)	- Genera <i>Agelaius</i>, <i>Barnardius</i>, <i>Creatophora</i>, <i>Cyanoliseus</i>, <i>Euphagus</i>, <i>Guaruba</i>, <i>Irena</i>, <i>Lamprolaimis</i>, <i>Lybius</i>, <i>Orthopsittacus</i>, <i>Perisoreus</i>, <i>Pionus</i>, <i>Primolius</i>, <i>Sturnus</i> and <i>Turdus</i>. - <i>Amazona amazonica</i>, <i>Amazona festiva</i>, <i>Amazona finschi</i>, <i>Amazona mercenaria</i>, <i>Amazona pretrei</i>, <i>Amazona tucumana</i>, <i>Amazona vinacea</i>, <i>Amazona vittata</i>, <i>Ara severus</i>, <i>Cacatua duopsii</i>, <i>Cacatua goffiniana</i>, <i>Cacatua haematurpys</i>, <i>Poicephalus guillemi</i>, <i>Poicephalus robustus</i>, <i>Psittacula eupatria</i> and <i>Psittacus erithacus timneh</i>.	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 0.5 m.
18 (aviary birds and medium parrots)	- Genera <i>Aradoheres</i>, <i>Aegolius</i>, <i>Cacicus</i>, <i>Columba</i>, <i>Cyanocitta</i>, <i>Cyanopica</i>, <i>Electus</i>, <i>Garrulax</i>, <i>Glauclidium</i>, <i>Gracula</i>, <i>Megascops</i>, <i>Microtherine</i>, <i>Otus</i> and <i>Quiscalus</i>. - <i>Amazona aestiva</i>, <i>Amazona arausiaca</i>, <i>Amazona auropalliata</i>, <i>Amazona autumnalis</i>, <i>Amazona brasiliensis</i>, <i>Amazona dufresniana</i>, <i>Amazona farinosa</i>, <i>Amazona guildingii</i>, <i>Amazona kawalli</i>, <i>Amazona ochrocephala</i>, <i>Amazona oratrix</i>, <i>Amazona rhodocorytha</i>, <i>Ara rubrogenys</i>, <i>Cacatua alba</i>, <i>Cacatua leadbeateri</i>, <i>Cacatua tenuirostris</i>, <i>Eolophus roseicapilla</i> and <i>Psittacus erithacus erithacus</i>.	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 0.75 m.
19 (large aviary birds, large parrots and small birds of prey)	- Genera <i>Athene</i>, <i>Calocitta</i>, <i>Calyptorhynchus</i>, <i>Cissa</i>, <i>Cyanocorax</i>, <i>Musophaga</i>, <i>Pica</i>, <i>Probosciger</i>, <i>Pteroglossus</i>, <i>Ruwenzorornis</i>, <i>Tauraco</i> and <i>Tockus</i>. - <i>Amazona imperialis</i>, <i>Amazona versicolor</i>, <i>Ara ararauna</i>, <i>Ara glaucogularis</i>, <i>Ara macao</i>, <i>Ara millaris</i>, <i>Cacatua galerita</i>, <i>Cacatua moluccensis</i>, <i>Cacatua ophthalmica</i>, <i>Cacatua pastinator</i>, <i>Corvus brachyrhynchos</i>, <i>Falco columbianus</i> and <i>Falco sparverius</i>.	1	1	0.8	0.8	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 1 m.
20 (large aviary birds, very large parrots)	- Genera <i>Ocyeros</i> and <i>Rampastos</i>. - <i>Ara ambiguus</i> and <i>Ara chloropterus</i>.	1.4	1.4	0.95	0.95	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 1.2 m.

Group (description)	Species or taxon included	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 2 September to 31 May	Other particular specifications
21 (very large avian birds, very large parrots)	- Genera <i>Anodorhynchus</i> , <i>Bycanistes</i> , <i>Penelopides</i> and <i>Tropicranus</i> . <i>Corvus albigollis</i> , <i>Corvus albus</i> and <i>Corvus cryptoleucus</i> .	2.3	2.3	1.6	1.6	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 1.2 m.
22 (medium birds of prey and very large avian birds)	- Genera <i>Accipiter</i> , <i>Anthracceros</i> , <i>Asio</i> , <i>Buteo</i> , <i>Buteo</i> , <i>Buteo</i> , <i>Circus</i> , <i>Parabuteo</i> and <i>Tyto</i> . - <i>Corvus corax</i> , <i>Corvus crassirostris</i> , <i>Falco biarmicus</i> , <i>Falco cherrug</i> , <i>Falco femoralis</i> , <i>Falco jugger</i> , <i>Falco mexicanus</i> , <i>Falco peregrinus</i> , <i>Falco rusticolus</i> , <i>Strix nebulosa</i> and <i>Strix varia</i> .	10	10	4.3	4.3	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 2 m.
23 (large birds of prey)	- Genera <i>Cathartes</i> , <i>Coragyps</i> and <i>Terathopius</i> . - <i>Bubo bubo</i> , <i>Bubo scandiacus</i> and <i>Bubo virginianus</i> .	14.4	14.4	7.2	7.2	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 2 m.
24 (eagles and sea-eagles)	- Genera <i>Aquila</i> and <i>Haliaeetus</i> .	90	36	30	15	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 3 m from 1 June to 1 September and 2.4 m from 2 September to 31 May.
25 (condors and large vultures)	- Genera <i>Aegypius</i> , <i>Gymnogyps</i> , <i>Gypaetus</i> , <i>Gyps</i> , <i>Sarcogyps</i> , <i>Sarcoramphus</i> , <i>Torgos</i> , <i>Trigonoceps</i> and <i>Vultur</i> .	184	55	46	23	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 4 m from 1 June to 1 September and 2.4 m from 2 September to 31 May.
26 (other avian birds and birds of prey)	- Species not included in groups 11 to 23 and belonging to the order Accipitriformes, Apodiformes, Bucerotiformes, Caprimulgiformes, Coliiformes, Columbiformes, Coraciiformes, Cuculiformes, Falconiformes, Leptosomiformes, Musophagiformes, Opisthocomiformes, Passeriformes, Piciformes, Pterodactyliformes, Strigiformes or Trogoniformes.	$0.0007 \times \text{SWG}^{1.37}$	$0.0024 \times \text{SWG}^{1.10}$	$0.004 \times \text{SWG}$	$0.0025 \times \text{SWG}$	n/s	n/s	
27 (other parrots)	- Species not included in groups 11 to 23 and belonging to the order Psittaciformes	$0.0006 \times \text{SWG}^{1.1}$	$0.0006 \times \text{SWG}^{1.1}$	$(0.00078 \times \text{SWG}) + 0.0$ 4	$(0.00078 \times \text{SWG}) + 0.0$ 4	n/s	n/s	

Group (description)	Species or taxon included	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 2 September to 31 May	Other particular specifications
28 (alcids, comorants and ducks)	- Families Alcidae, Heliornithidae, Phalacrocoracidae and Podicipedidae. - Genera <i>Aix</i>, <i>Anas</i>, <i>Ardea</i>, <i>Asarcornis</i>, <i>Aythya</i>, <i>Bucephala</i>, <i>Callonetta</i>, <i>Camptorhynchus</i>, <i>Chenonetta</i>, <i>Clangula</i>, <i>Dendrocygna</i>, <i>Heteronetta</i>, <i>Histrionicus</i>, <i>Lophodytes</i>, <i>Lophonetta</i>, <i>Malacorhynchus</i>, <i>Marmaronetta</i>, <i>Melanitta</i>, <i>Mergellus</i>, <i>Mergus</i>, <i>Nettion</i>, <i>Nettion</i>, <i>Nonnyx</i>, <i>Oxyura</i>, <i>Polystictus</i>, <i>Pteronetta</i>, <i>Rhodonessa</i>, <i>Salvadorina</i>, <i>Somateria</i> and <i>Specularia</i>.	n/s	n/s	2.5	1.25	1	0.5	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 15 cm or more.
29 (gannets, boobies, geese)	- Family Suidae. - Genera <i>Alopochen</i>, <i>Anser</i>, <i>Branta</i>, <i>Calina</i>, <i>Chen</i>, <i>Coscoroba</i> and <i>Tadorna</i>.	n/s	n/s	5	2.5	3	1.25	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 30 cm or more.
30 (swans)	- Genus <i>Cygnus</i>.	n/s	n/s	12	6	7.25	1.9	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 30 cm or more.
31 (shore birds)	- Families Burhinidae, Charadriidae, Chionidae, Dromadidae, Glareolidae, Haematopodidae, Ildorhynchidae, Jacanidae, Pedionomidae, Pluvialidae, Pluvianidae, Recurvirostridae, Rostratulidae, Scolopacidae and Thimocoridae.	n/s	n/s	0.006 × SWG	0.004 × SWG	0.003 × SWG	0.002 × SWG	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 3 cm or more. - A pool is not required for species of the genus <i>Scolopax</i>.
32 (seagulls, terns, puffins)	- Orders <i>Phaethoniformes</i> and <i>Procellariiformes</i>. - Families <i>Fregatidae</i>, <i>Laridae</i> and <i>Stercorariidae</i>.	n/s	n/s	0.006 × SWG	0.004 × SWG	0.003 × SWG	0.002 × SWG	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 15 cm or more. - The inside height of the cage must be at least 2.4 m.
33 (cranes, storks and other waders)	- Families Ardeidae, Ardeidae, Balaenicipitidae, Ciconiidae, Eurypygidae, Gruidae, Mesitornithidae, Otidae, Rallidae and Threskiornithidae.	n/s	n/s	0.0045 × SWG	0.003 × SWG	0.0015 × SWG	n/s	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 15 cm or more.
34 (flamingos)	- Family Phoenicopteridae.	n/s	n/s	6	3	3	1.5	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 15 cm or more.
35 (small and medium penguins)	- Genera <i>Eudyptes</i>, <i>Eudyptula</i>, <i>Megadyptes</i>, <i>Pygoscelis</i> and <i>Spheniscus</i>.	n/s	n/s	1.8	1.8	0.6	0.6	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 90 cm or more.

Group (description)	Species or taxon included	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 2 September to 31 May	Other particular specifications
36 (large penguins)	- Genus <i>Aptenodytes</i> .	n/s	n/s	4.25	4.25	1.4	1.4	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 1.2 m or more.
37 (other aquatic birds)	- Species not included in groups 26 to 32 that belong to the order Anseriformes, Gaviiformes, Pelecaniformes, Phoenicopteriformes, Podicipediformes or Sulliformes.	n/s	n/s	(0.0009 × SWG) + 1.5	(0.0004 × SWG) + 0.75	(0.0005 × SWG) + 0.89	(0.0002 × SWG) + 0.36	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 30 cm or more.
38 (quails and bobwhites)	- Genera <i>Colinus</i> , <i>Coturnix</i> , <i>Ortyxelos</i> and <i>Turnix</i> .	n/s	n/s	0.16	0.16	n/s	n/s	- For the Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix japonica</i>) kept in intensive rearing, only the provisions of table E apply.
39 (francolins, partridges and quails)	- Genera <i>Alectoris</i> , <i>Bonasa</i> , <i>Falcipecten</i> , <i>Francolinus</i> , <i>Gallus</i> , <i>Lagopus</i> , <i>Perdix</i> and <i>Tympanuchus</i> .	n/s	n/s	1	0.5	n/s	n/s	
40 (pheasants, guinea fowls and turkeys)	- Genera <i>Chrysolophus</i> , <i>Lophura</i> , <i>Numida</i> , <i>Phasianus</i> , <i>Psophia</i> , <i>Rhynchotus</i> and <i>Syrnaiticus</i> .	n/s	n/s	2	1	n/s	n/s	
41 (serenas, turkeys, peacocks and curassows)	- Genera <i>Cariama</i> , <i>Chunga</i> , <i>Crax</i> , <i>Meleagris</i> , <i>Mitu</i> , <i>Nothocrax</i> , <i>Pauxi</i> and <i>Pavo</i> .	n/s	n/s	9	6	n/s	n/s	
42 (emus, rheas and cassowaries)	- Family Casuariidae, Dromiidae and Rheidae.	n/s	n/s	48	8	n/s	n/s	
43 (ostriches)	- Family Struthionidae.	n/s	n/s	140	10	n/s	n/s	
44 (other land birds)	- Species not included in groups 35 to 40 that belong to the order Cariamiformes, Casuariiformes, Galliformes, Struthioniformes or Tinamiformes.	n/s	n/s	(0.0024 × SWG) - 0.03	(0.0012 × SWG) + 0.02	n/s	n/s	

(D) MAMMALS

Group (description)	Species or taxon included	Minimum volume (m ³) of a cage from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum volume (m ³) of a cage from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m ²) of a cage or enclosure from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m ²) of a cage or enclosure from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m ²) of the pool from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m ²) of the pool from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m ²) of a shift cage or enclosure	Other particular specifications
45 (mice, dwarf hamsters)	- Genera <i>Cricetulus</i> , <i>Lemniscomys</i> , <i>Mus</i> , <i>Myodes</i> , <i>Napaeozapus</i> , <i>Phenacomys</i> , <i>Peromyscus</i> <i>Phodopus</i> and <i>Zapus</i> .	0.011	0.011	0.045	0.045	n/s	n/s	n/s	- For the house mouse (<i>Mus musculus</i>) kept in intensive rearing, only the provisions of table E apply.
46 (hamsters, spiny mice, gerbils)	- Genera <i>Acomys</i> , <i>Cricetus</i> , <i>Dicrostonyx</i> , <i>Dromiciops</i> , <i>Graphiurus</i> , <i>Meriones</i> , <i>Mesocricetus</i> , <i>Microtus</i> , <i>Pachyuromys</i> and <i>Sekeetamys</i> .	0.018	0.018	0.09	0.09	n/s	n/s	n/s	- For the golden hamster (<i>Mesocricetus auratus</i>) or the Mongolian gerbil (<i>Meriones unguiculatus</i>) kept in intensive rearing, only the provisions of table E apply.
47 (small opossums, chipmunks, rats, degus)	- Genera <i>Monodelphis</i> , <i>Octodon</i> , <i>Rattus</i> and <i>Tamias</i> .	0.06	0.06	0.14	0.14	n/s	n/s	n/s	- For the brown rat (<i>Rattus norvegicus</i>) kept in intensive rearing, only the provisions of table E apply.
48 (hedgehogs, guinea pigs)	- Families Erinaceidae and Tenrecidae. - Genus <i>Cavia</i> .	n/s	n/s	0.24	0.24	n/s	n/s	n/s	
49 (gliders, flying squirrels)	- Genera <i>Glaucomys</i> and <i>Petaurus</i>	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	n/s	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 0.7 m.
50 (chinchillas, prairie dogs)	- Genera <i>Chinchilla</i> and <i>Cynomys</i> .	0.18	0.18	0.2	0.2	n/s	n/s	n/s	
51 (squirrels, tree shrews)	- Order Scandentia. - Genera <i>Sciurus</i> and <i>Tamiasciurus</i> .	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	n/s	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 0.9 m.
52 (wild rabbits)	- Genera <i>Oryctolagus</i> and <i>Sylvilagus</i> .	n/s	n/s	0.5	0.5	n/s	n/s	n/s	
53 (agouti, large opossums, groundhogs)	- Genera <i>Dasyprocta</i> , <i>Didelphis</i> , <i>Marmota</i> , <i>Myoprocta</i> and <i>Ondatra</i> .	n/s	n/s	3	2	n/s	n/s	n/s	- For the genus <i>Didelphis</i> , the inside height of the cage must be at least 1.5 m.
54 (maras, pacas, porcupines, tamanduas)	- Genera <i>Cuniculus</i> and <i>Tamandua</i> . <i>Dolichotis patagonum</i> , <i>Erethizon dorsatus</i> , <i>Hystrix africaeaustralis</i> , <i>Hystrix cristata</i> and <i>Hystrix indica</i> .	n/s	n/s	6	4	n/s	n/s	n/s	

Group (description)	Species or taxon included	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of a shift cage or enclosure	Other particular specifications
55 (wallaby)	- Genus <i>Macropus</i> (except <i>M. fuliginosus</i> , <i>M. rufus</i> and <i>M. giganteus</i>).	n/s	n/s	30	9	n/s	n/s	n/s	
56 (kangaroos)	- <i>Macropus fuliginosus</i> , <i>Macropus giganteus</i> and <i>Macropus rufus</i> .	n/s	n/s	40	12	n/s	n/s	n/s	
57 (capybaras, beavers)	- Genera <i>Hydrochoerus</i> and <i>Castor</i> .	n/s	n/s	32	14	16	7	n/s	
58 (other small mammals)	- Species not included in groups 42 to 53 that belong to the order Afrotheria, Cingulata, Dasyuromorphia, Didelphimorphia, Diprotodontia, Etreaceomorphia, Hyracoidea, Lagomorphia, Macroscelidea, Monotremata, Notoryctemorphia, Paucituberculata, Peramelemorphia, Pholidota, Pilosa, Rodentia, Soricomorphia or Tubulidentata.	n/s	n/s	0.003 × SWG ^{0.68}	0.004 × SWG ^{0.75}	n/s	n/s	n/s	
59 (micro-herbivores)	- Genera <i>Dorcateragus</i> , <i>Madoqua</i> , <i>Neotragus</i> , <i>Philantomba</i> , <i>Pudu</i> and <i>Raphicerus</i> .	n/s	n/s	7	3	n/s	n/s	3	
60 (small herbivores)	- Families Moschidae, Tragulidae and Tayassuidae. - Genera <i>Cephalophus</i> , <i>Elaphodus</i> , <i>Hydropotes</i> , <i>Muntiacus</i> , <i>Oreotragus</i> , <i>Ourebia</i> , <i>Sylvicapra</i> and <i>Tetracerus</i> .	n/s	n/s	45	8	n/s	n/s	8	
61 (medium herbivores)	- Families Antilocapridae and Suidae. - Genera <i>Addax</i> , <i>Aepyceros</i> , <i>Ammodorcas</i> , <i>Ammotragus</i> , <i>Antidorcas</i> , <i>Antelope</i> , <i>Axis</i> , <i>Capra</i> , <i>Capreolus</i> , <i>Dama</i> , <i>Eudorcas</i> , <i>Gazella</i> , <i>Hemiragrus</i> , <i>Hippocamelus</i> , <i>Kobus</i> (except <i>K. ellipsiprymnus</i>), <i>Litocranius</i> , <i>Mazama</i> , <i>Naemorhedus</i> , <i>Nanger</i> , <i>Odocoileus</i> , <i>Oreamnos</i> , <i>Ovis</i> , <i>Ozotoceros</i> , <i>Pantholops</i> , <i>Pelea</i> , <i>Procapra</i> , <i>Pseudoris</i> , <i>Redunca</i> , <i>Rupicapra</i> , <i>Saiga</i> and <i>Vicugna</i> . - <i>Cervus nippon</i> , <i>Damaliscus pygargus</i> , <i>Oryx leucoryx</i> , <i>Tragelaphus imberbis</i> , <i>Tragelaphus scriptus</i> and <i>Tragelaphus spekii</i> .	n/s	n/s	85	10	n/s	n/s	10	

Group (description)	Species or taxon included	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of a shift cage or enclosure	Other particular specifications
62 (large herbivores)	- Families Equidae and Tapiridae. - Genera <i>Alcelaphus</i>, <i>Beatragus</i>, <i>Blastocerus</i>, <i>Boselaphus</i>, <i>Budorcas</i>, <i>Capricornis</i>, <i>Connochaetes</i>, <i>Damaliscus</i> (except <i>D. pygargus</i>), <i>Elaphurus</i>, <i>Hippotragus</i>, <i>Lama</i>, <i>Okapia</i>, <i>Oryx</i> (except <i>O. leuconyx</i>), <i>Przewalskium</i>, <i>Rangifer</i>, <i>Rucervus</i> and <i>Rusa</i>. - <i>Cervus elaphus</i>, <i>Kobus ellipsiprymnus</i>, <i>Tragelaphus angasii</i>, <i>Tragelaphus buxtoni</i>, <i>Tragelaphus eurycerus</i> and <i>Tragelaphus strepsiceros</i>.	n/s	n/s	120	14	n/s	n/s	14	
63 (very large herbivores, camels)	- Genera <i>Alces</i>, <i>Bison</i>, <i>Bos</i>, <i>Bubalus</i>, <i>Camelus</i>, <i>Ovis</i>, <i>Syncerus</i> and <i>Taurotragus</i>.	n/s	n/s	160	19	n/s	n/s	19	
64 (giraffes)	- Genus <i>Giraffa</i>.	n/s	n/s	200	21	n/s	n/s	21	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 6.4 m.
65 (hippopotami)	- Genus <i>Hippopotamus</i>.	n/s	n/s	100	40	60	25	25	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 1.5 m or over.
66 (rhinoceroses)	- Family <i>Rhinocerotidae</i>.	n/s	n/s	125	50	n/s	n/s	30	
67 (elephants)	- Family <i>Elephantidae</i>.	n/s	n/s	500	75	n/s	n/s	40	
68 (micro-carnivores)	- Genera <i>Bassaricyon</i>, <i>Bassariscus</i>, <i>Crossarchus</i>, <i>Cynictis</i>, <i>Diplogale</i>, <i>Didogale</i>, <i>Fossa</i>, <i>Galerella</i>, <i>Gallidia</i>, <i>Gaidictis</i>, <i>Helogale</i>, <i>Ictonyx</i>, <i>Lyncodon</i>, <i>Martes</i> (except <i>M. pennanti</i>), <i>Mungotictis</i>, <i>Mustela</i>, <i>Nasua</i>, <i>Nasua</i>, <i>Poecilogale</i>, <i>Poiana</i>, <i>Prionodon</i>, <i>Salanoia</i>, <i>Spilogale</i>, <i>Suricata</i> and <i>Vormela</i>. - <i>Vulpes zerd</i>.	n/s	n/s	1	1	n/s	n/s	n/s	- For arboreal species, the inside height of the cage must be at least 75 cm.

Group (description)	Species or taxon included	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of a shift cage or enclosure	Other particular specifications
69 (small carnivores)	- Family Nandiniidae. - Genera <i>Arctogalidia</i>, <i>Atliax</i>, <i>Bdeogale</i>, <i>Chrotogale</i>, <i>Conepatus</i>, <i>Eupleres</i>, <i>Galictis</i>, <i>Genetta</i>, <i>Hemigalus</i>, <i>Herpestes</i>, <i>Leopardus</i>, (except <i>L. pardalis</i> and <i>L. geoffroyi</i>), <i>Libenictis</i>, <i>Melogale</i>, <i>Mungos</i>, <i>Mydaus</i>, <i>Neovison</i>, <i>Paracynictis</i>, <i>Paradoxurus</i>, <i>Potos</i>, <i>Rhynchogale</i> and <i>Viverricula</i>. - <i>Catopuma badia</i>, <i>Felis margarita</i>, <i>Felis nigripes</i>, <i>Prionailurus planiceps</i>, <i>Prionailurus rubiginosus</i> and <i>Vulpes cana</i>.	n/s	n/s	3	2	n/s	n/s	n/s	- For arboreal species, the inside height of the cage must be at least 1.2 m.
70 (small carnivores)	- Family Ailuridae. - Genera <i>Cercopcyon</i>, <i>Cryptoprocta</i>, <i>Cynogale</i>, <i>Eira</i>, <i>Ichneumia</i>, <i>Lycalopex</i>, <i>Macrogalidia</i>, <i>Mephitis</i>, <i>Nasua</i>, <i>Odocoyle</i>, <i>Paguma</i>, <i>Pardofelis</i>, <i>Procyon</i>, <i>Speothos</i>, <i>Urocyon</i> and <i>Viverra</i>, <i>Vulpes</i> (except <i>V. cana</i>, <i>V. ferriata</i>, <i>V. lagopus</i>, <i>V. vulpes</i> and <i>V. zerdie</i>). - <i>Felis bieti</i>, <i>Felis manul</i>, <i>Felis silvestris</i>, <i>Leopardus geoffroyi</i>, <i>Prionailurus bengalensis</i>, <i>Prionailurus iriomotensis</i>, <i>Martes pennanti</i> and <i>Puma yagouaroundi</i>.	n/s	n/s	9	6	n/s	n/s	n/s	- For arboreal species, the inside height of the cage must be at least 2 m.
71 (small carnivores)	- Genera <i>Arctictis</i>, <i>Arctonyx</i>, <i>Canis</i> (except <i>C. lupus</i>), <i>Caracal</i>, <i>Civettictis</i>, <i>Gulo</i>, <i>Leptailurus</i>, <i>Lynx</i>, <i>Meles</i>, <i>Mellivora</i>, <i>Nyctereutes</i>, <i>Profelis</i>, <i>Proteles</i> and <i>Taxidea</i>. - <i>Catopuma temminckii</i>, <i>Felis chaus</i>, <i>Leopardus pardalis</i>, <i>Prionailurus viverrinus</i>, <i>Vulpes ferriata</i>, <i>Vulpes lagopus</i> and <i>Vulpes vulpes</i>.	n/s	n/s	25	9	n/s	n/s	n/s	
72 (medium carnivores)	- Genera <i>Chrysocyon</i> , <i>Cuon</i> , <i>Hyaena</i> , <i>Lycan and Neofelis</i> .	n/s	n/s	75	14	n/s	n/s	5	
73 (medium carnivores)	- Genera <i>Achonyx</i>, <i>Crocuta</i>, <i>Helarctos</i> and <i>Uncia</i>. - <i>Canis lupus</i>, <i>Panthera onca</i>, <i>Panthera pardus</i> and <i>Puma concolor</i>.	n/s	n/s	100	16	n/s	n/s	5	
74 (large carnivores)	- Genera <i>Ailuropoda</i>, <i>Melursus</i> and <i>Tremarctos</i>. - <i>Panthera leo</i>, <i>Panthera tigris</i>, <i>Ursus americanus</i> and <i>Ursus thibetanus</i>.	n/s	n/s	175	18	n/s	n/s	6	

Group (description)	Species or taxon included	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of a shift cage or enclosure	Other particular specifications
75 (very large carnivores)	- <i>Ursus arctos</i> and <i>Ursus maritimus</i> .	n/s	n/s	250	250	18	18	7	- A pool is only required for <i>Ursus maritimus</i> . - The depth at the centre of the pool must be 1.5 m or more.
76 (small otters)	- Genus <i>Hydridis</i> . - <i>Aonyx cinereus</i> and <i>Lontra felina</i> .	n/s	n/s	7	4	1.75	1	n/s	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 0.3 m or more.
77 (medium otters)	- Genera <i>Lontra</i> (except <i>L. felina</i>), <i>Lutra</i> and <i>Lutrogale</i> . - <i>Aonyx capensis</i> .	n/s	n/s	14	6	3.5	1.5	n/s	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 0.4 m or more.
78 (large otters)	- Genera <i>Enhydra</i> and <i>Pteronura</i> .	n/s	n/s	35	8	9	2	n/s	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 0.5 m or more.
79 (other carnivores)	- Species not included in groups 64 to 74 that belong to the family Canidae, Felidae, Mustelidae, Ursidae or Viverridae.	n/s	n/s	0.0012 × SWG	0.024 × SWG ^{3.56}	n/s	n/s	n/s	
80 (micro-primates)	- Families Aotidae, Callitrichidae, Cheirogaleidae, Galagidae, Leplemuridae, Lorisidae and Tarsiidae. - Genus <i>Saimiri</i> .	1.85	1.85	1.5	1.5	n/s	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 1.25 m.
81 (small primates and colugos)	- Families Cynocephalidae, Daubentonidae, Lemuridae and Plithicidae. - Genera <i>Cebus</i> , <i>Chlorocebus</i> , <i>Miopithecus</i> , <i>Nomascus</i> , <i>Procolobus</i> and <i>Sapajus</i> .	14	9	6	4.5	n/s	n/s	n/s	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 2 m.
82 (medium primates)	- Families Atelidae and Indridae. - Genera <i>Allenopithecus</i> , <i>Allochrocebus</i> , <i>Cercocebus</i> , <i>Cercopithecus</i> , <i>Colobus</i> , <i>Erythrocebus</i> , <i>Hoolock</i> , <i>Hylobates</i> , <i>Lophocebus</i> , <i>Mecaca</i> , <i>Ptilocobus</i> , <i>Presbytis</i> , <i>Pygathrix</i> , <i>Rungwecebus</i> , <i>Simias</i> , <i>Symphalangus</i> and <i>Trachypithecus</i> .	28	14	12	6	n/s	n/s	1	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 2.4 m.
83 (large primates)	- Genera <i>Mandrillus</i> , <i>Nasalis</i> , <i>Papio</i> , <i>Rhinopithecus</i> , <i>Semnopithecus</i> and <i>Theropithecus</i> .	43	21	18	9	n/s	n/s	2	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 2.4 m.
84 (chimpanzees, bonobos, orangutans)	- Genera <i>Pan</i> and <i>Pongo</i> .	n/s	n/s	115	18	n/s	n/s	4	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 3 m.

Group (description)	Species or taxon included	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum volume (m³) of a cage from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of a cage or enclosure from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 1 June to 1 September	Minimum area (m²) of the pool from 2 September to 31 May	Minimum area (m²) of a shift cage or enclosure	Other particular specifications
85 (gorillas)	- Genus <i>Gorilla</i> .	n/s	n/s	185	25	n/s	n/s	6	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 3 m.
86 (other primates)	- Species not included in groups 76 to 81 that belong to the order <i>Primates</i> .	n/s	n/s	0.0015 x SWG	0.055 x SWG ^{0.52}	n/s	n/s	n/s	
87 (small seals)	- Genera <i>Histiophoca</i> , <i>Monachus</i> , <i>Pagophilus</i> , <i>Phoca</i> and <i>Pusa</i> .	n/s	n/s	45	45	35	35	n/s	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 1.5 m or more.
88 (large seals, sea lions)	- Family Otariidae (except <i>Eumetopias jubatus</i>). - Genera <i>Cystophora</i> , <i>Erignathus</i> , <i>Halichoerus</i> , <i>Lobodon</i> and <i>Ommatophoca</i> .	n/s	n/s	65	40	50	30	n/s	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 2 m or more.
89 (walruses, elephant seals)	- Family Odobenidae. - Genera <i>Hydrurga</i> , <i>Leptonychotes</i> and <i>Mirounga</i> . - <i>Eumetopias jubatus</i> .	n/s	n/s	90	90	70	70	n/s	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 2.5 m or more.
90 (manatees, dugongs)	- Order Sirenia.	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s	30	18	n/s	- The depth at the centre of the pool must be 1.5 m or more.

(E) SMALL ANIMALS KEPT IN INTENSIVE REARING.

Group (description)	Species	Stage	Weight (g)	Minimum cage or enclosure area (cm ²) for each animal	Other particular specifications
91 (house mouse)	- <i>Mus musculus</i> .	Storage and growth	< 10	38	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 12 cm excluding, as the case may be, the water or food compartment.
			10 to 15	50	
			> 15 to 25	77	
			> 25	95	
		Female with unweaned young	n/a	330	
92 (golden hamster)	- <i>Mesocricetus auratus</i> .	Storage and growth	< 60	64	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 15 cm excluding, as the case may be, the water or food compartment.
			60 to 80	83	
			> 80 to 100	100	
			> 100	120	
		Female with unweaned young	n/a	800	
93 (Mongolian gerbil)	- <i>Meriones unguiculatus</i> .	Storage and growth	< 60	140	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 15 cm excluding, as the case may be, the water or food compartment.
			60 to 80	180	
			> 80	220	
			n/a	900	
		Female with unweaned young, with or without male	n/a	900	
94 (brown rat)	- <i>Rattus norvegicus</i> .	Storage and growth	< 100	105	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 17 cm excluding, as the case may be, the water or food compartment.
			100 to 200	145	
			> 200 to 300	185	
			> 300 to 400	255	
			> 400 to 500	385	
95 (Japanese quail)	- <i>Coturnix japonica</i> .	Female with unweaned young	> 500	450	- The inside height of the cage must be at least 15 cm excluding, as the case may be, the water or food compartment.
			n/a	800	
			< 150	200	
			≥ 150	400	
		All			